

BUREAU OF LAW

MEMORANDUM

J. J. J. Associates
UBT - 1970

TO: State Tax Commission
 FROM: Steven Siles, Hearing Officer
 SUBJECT: P & S Associates

Petition for re-determination of a deficiency or the refund of unallowable business tax under Article 25 of the Tax Law for the years 1961 and 1962

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CCH #
99-256

The issue involved is whether the activities of the taxpayer partnership constitute the carrying on of an unallowable business subject to unallowable business tax in accordance with the provisions of Section 705 of the Tax Law.

During the years in issue, Ralph Sappos was a 50% shareholder of 128 Restaurant Inc., a domestic corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, operating a restaurant under the name of "Peppermint Lounge" at 128 West 4th Street, New York, New York. John A. Silberbach, Esq., was the attorney for the aforementioned corporation. In 1961, a dance called the "Twist" became very popular in order to capitalize on this new dance dance Sappos, Louis Lichtenstein, Sam Rosen, George Rothman and John A. Silberbach entered into several agreements of partnership under the name of P & S Associates on June 1, 1961, for the purpose of making licensing agreements with manufacturers of records, diamonds, cosmetics, food items, music bands, etc., for the use of the name "Peppermint Lounge" and "Peppermint Twist" and insignia, photographs, etc., in connection therewith. The partnership was authorized by 128 Restaurant Inc. to use the name "Peppermint Lounge" without any consideration being paid. Each of the partners owned a one-third interest in the partnership and shared profits and losses equally.

P & S Associates filed partnership returns for the years 1961 and 1962 in which they deducted losses from royalties to the amounts of \$14,114.45 and \$19,440.97 for said respective years. The partnership deducted expenses of \$1,400.20 and \$7,381.15 for the respective years 1961 and 1962, which consisted of legal expenses, music and dances, promotion and advertising, publicity and out of town traveling. A Notice of deficiency was issued against the partnership on 4/17/64 impacting unallowable business taxes for

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the years 1961 and 1962 in the amount of \$864.05 including interest on the ground that the business activities of said partnership constituted the carrying-on of an unincorporated business subject to unincorporated business tax.

The partnership entered into an agreement with one Everett Busby, President of Ben Jim Sports Wear Inc. and Randolph Apparel Manufacturing Corporation to sell grants or licenses to manufacturers for the use of the name "Tupperware Lounge" whereby the said Busby was to receive one-third of the proceeds of the sale of such licenses and grants including all expenses incurred by him in connection therewith. In order to promote the sale of the grants of licenses, the partnership placed advertisements in various periodicals and also conducted shows displaying the wares of various manufacturers. At such shows it engaged musicians and "twist" dancers.

The partnership applied for a registered trade name or trade mark for the use of the name "Tupperware Lounge" with the United States Patent Office which was denied in 1962. As a result, the partnership ceased operations. Subsequently, Inc Entertainment Inc. went out of business in 1964.

It is to be noted that the partnership did not file any unincorporated business tax returns for the years in issue. The partnership contends that this was a joint venture which was engaged in isolated transactions for the purpose of receiving the proceeds from the granting of licenses by an independent contractor, namely, Everett Busby.

In my opinion, the foregoing facts disclose that partnership conducted its business with continuity and regularity and was therefore operating a business subject to unincorporated business tax in accordance with the provisions of Section 705 of the Tax Law.

For the reasons stated above, I recommend that the decision of the Tax Commission certifying the notice of deficiency be substantially in the sum submitted herewith.

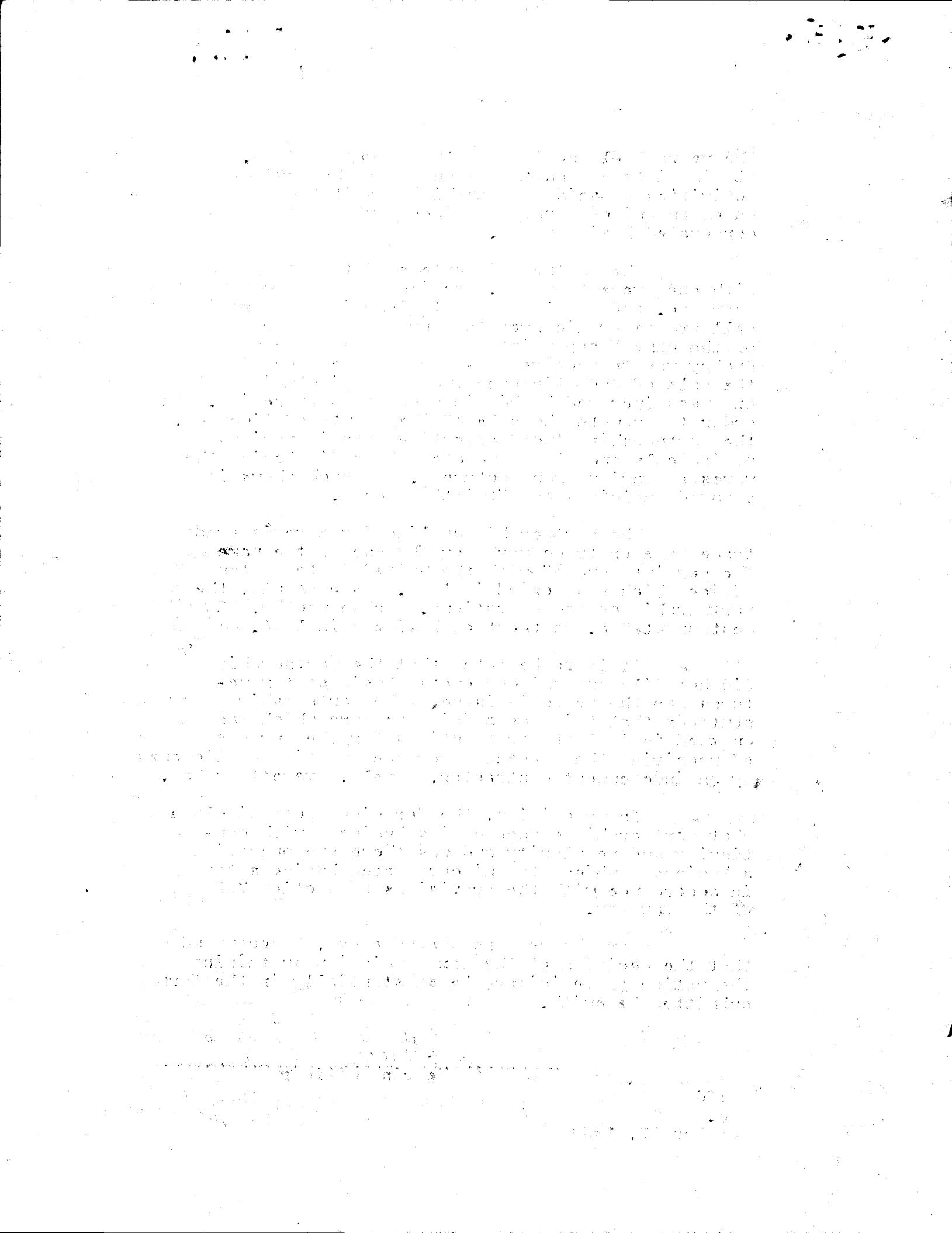
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MS.

October 17, 1969



STATE OF NEW YORK

STATE TAX COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION

OF

P & S ASSOCIATES

FOR A REINSTATEMENT OF A DISPOSITION
OR FOR REFUND OF UNINCORPORATED
BUSINESS TAXES UNDER ARTICLE 20 OF
THE TAX LAW FOR THE YEARS 1961 AND 1962

DECISION

P & S Associates having filed a petition for reinstatement of a disposition or for refund of unincorporated business tax under Article 20 of the Tax Law for the years 1961 and 1962, and a hearing having been held in connection therewith at the office of the State Commission, 30 Centre Street, New York, New York on the 21st day of February, 1964, before Solomon Stein, Hearing Officer, at which hearing the taxpayers were represented by Paul and Silberbach, Esq., by Justice A. Silberbach of Counsel, and the matter having been duly considered,

The State Tax Commission hereby finds:

(1) During the years in issue Ralph Saggesen was a 95% shareholder of 125 Restaurant Inc., a domestic corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, operating a restaurant under the name of "Supperette Lounge" at 125 W. 45th Street, New York, New York. Paul & Silberbach were the attorneys for 125 Restaurant Inc. In 1961, a dance called the "Twist" became very popular. In order to capitalize on this new dance craze, Ruth Saggesen, Louis Landeris, Sam Rosner, George Mandato, Ruth Burdick and Paul & Silberbach, entered into an oral agreement of partnership under the name of P & S Associates on June 1, 1961 for the purpose of concluding the licensing agreements with manufacturers of apparel, furniture, auto parts, food items, comic books, toys, etc., for the use of the name "Supperette Lounge" and/or "Supperette Twist" and trademarks, photographs, etc. in connection therewith. The partnership was authorized by 125 Restaurant Inc. to use the name "Supperette Lounge" without any consideration being paid therefor. Each of the partners owned a one-third interest in the partner-

ship and shared profits and losses equally.

(2) P & S Associates filed partnership returns for the years 1941 and 1942 to which they indicated income from "Proprietary" in the amounts of \$24,244.48 and \$20,440.97 for said respective years. The partnership claimed expenses of \$2,402.30 and \$7,321.13 for the respective years 1941 and 1942, which consisted of legal expenses, travel and dinner provision and advertising, publicity and out of town traveling. The partnership did not file an unincorporated business tax return for the years 1941 and 1942. On August 17, 1944, the Department of taxation and Finance issued a Statement of Audit Charges against the partnership holding the license certificate to conduct the carryings-on of an unincorporated business and the tax thereon due and accrued subject to unincorporated business tax. Accordingly, a notice of deficiency was issued on said date imposing additional unincorporated business taxes against the partnership in the amounts of \$400.00 and \$300.00 for the respective years 1941 and 1942 with interest of \$27.13 for a total of \$627.13.

(3) The partnership entered into an agreement with one Edward J. Treadwell, President of Dan John Sports Wear Inc., and making Appeal Number One, petition to said grants or license to manufacture for the use of the name "Proprietary Lounge" whereby the said Treadwell was to receive one-half of the proceeds of the sale of such license and grants including all expenses incurred by him in connection therewith. In order to promote the sale of the grants or license, the partnership placed advertisements in various periodicals and also exhibited signs displaying the name of various stores. At such stores it engaged waiters and "Wait" damsels.

(4) P & S Associates contend that this was a joint venture in which it merely received the proceeds from the sale of license for the use of the name "Proprietary Lounge" or "Proprietary Wait" and did not contribute any funds to any way in operating a business. It further contends that the activities were handled through an independent agent, namely Treadwell. However, it appears from the record that the partnership did in fact conduct a business for profit with waiters and waitresses. They furnished uniforms in connection therewith and shared the profits or losses from the operation

as and further,

Based upon the foregoing findings and all of the evidence presented
heretofore, the Tax Complainant hereby,

MOTION:

(A) The activities of the partnership, F & S Associates, during the
years 1941 and 1942 constituted the carrying on of an unincorporated business
with continuity and regularity. The partnership was therefore subject to
unincorporated business tax within the intent and meaning of section 70(b)
of the Tax Law.

(B) Accordingly, the return of deficiency and the statement of audit
dates for the years 1941 and 1942 are correct and do not disclose any tax
or other charge which could not have been lawfully determined. The position
of the taxpayer for a substantiation of a deficiency or for refund of
unincorporated business tax for the years 1941 and 1942 stand with充分
standing, so therefore denied.

Bennett, Albany, New York this 23rd day of Jan. 1960.

STATE TAX COMPLAINANT

/s/ Norman Gallman

/s/ A. B. Manley

/s/ Milton Koerner