L 9 (8-68)

BUREAU OF LAW Deter De A-Z
MEMORANDUM

Adler, Robert Z.

(Est. g)

TO:

The State Tax Commission

FROM:

Solomon Sies, Hearing Officer

SUBJECT:

REATRICE ADLER, as Administratrix of the Estate of ROBERT L. ADLER, Deceased

1955 Assessment No. B-782596 1956 Assessment No. B-702597 1957 Assessment No. B-782598

Article 16-A

A hearing with reference to the above matter was held before me at 80 Centre Street, New York, N. Y. on the fourth day of January 1965. The appearances and the evidence produced were as shown in the stenographic minutes and the exhibits submitted herewith.

The issue involved is whether the decedent taxpayer was an independent contractor or an employee for purposes of unincorporated business tax pursuant to Section 386, Article 16-A of the Tax Law.

During the years 1955, 1956 and 1957, the taxpayer was an officer and stockholder of two corporations, Adler Properties, Inc. and A.G.A. Realty Corp., both of which owned industrial buildings located in New York City. The taxpayer owned all of the stock in Adler Properties, Inc. and one-third (1/3) of the stock in A.G.A. Realty Corp. The other stock-holders in A.G.A. Realty Corp. were the decedent taxpayer's brother and sister. The taxpayer signed checks on behalf both of the corporations.

The activities of the texpaper were conducted fr office of one of the corporations, A.G.A. Realty Corp., 230 Steuben Street, Brooklyn, N. Y. He supervised the maintenance of the buildings, collected the rents and as for all necessary repairs. The taxpayer received \$5,000 annually from A.G.A. Realty Corp. and \$4,500.00 annually Adles Properties, Inc., which were reported on their franctax returns as "management fees" and not as salaries for services as an officer and/or employee of said corporations. The corporations did not deduct Pederal withholding or social security taxes from the fees paid to the taxpayer.

There was introduced at the hearing a decision of the Unemployment Insurance Referee Section of the New York State Department of Labor dated November 16, 1960 which held that the decesent tempayer was an employee of A.G.A. Realty Corp. based upon the fact that the decedent temparer was at a mentioned corporation even though the corporation chose to regard him as an independent contractor and not an employee and pay him managing agent's fees. It has not been shown at this (tax) hearing that the corporation exercised any contral ever the activities of the decedent taxpayer. The testimeny indicated that the decedent taxpayer's brother, Mareld Adler, used to come to the office and help him in the renting of the building; that "he came down there most every day; that was about 1956" (Minutes of Hearing, Fage 10). It appears that the decedent taxpayer intended to be treated as an independent agent for unemployment insurance purposes and at the same time desired to be treated as an employee for income tax purposes. He evidence was adduced at the hearing to warrant a finding that the compensation received by the taxpayer from the two corporations was for services rendered as an officer thereof.

In determining whether the relationship is that of an employer and independent contractor or employer and employee, an important element is the degree of control exercised by the principal over the agent's activities (Matter of Morton, 264 N. Y. 167). In the absence of control over the manner in which the agent's activities are conducted, there can be no finding of employment (Matter of Sullivan Company, Inc., 289 N. Y. 110, 112.

I am of the opinion that in the instant case the activities of taxpayer constituted the carrying on of a pusiness; that he was an independent contractor and not an employee despite the decision of the Unemployment Insurance Referee that he was an employee for one of the corporations, A.G.A. healty Corp.

Unemployment Insurance Referee is not binding on the State Tax Commission, that the purpose, scope and objective of the Unemployment Insurance Law is quite different from the Tax Law; that the words "employee" and "employment" are specifically defined in the Unemployment Insurance Law. (See Law Bureau memorandum in Matter of Clarks, Moore, Hill & Kenny, et al, dated August 11, 1958 (copy attached).) The word "employee" has a different construction under Article 5 of the Business Tax Regulations which provides in part, that:

"If the activities of an agent are independent under the terms of his employment, he is considered to be carrying on an unincorporated business even though under the terms of his contract or otherwise he is designated or considered an employme." In the case of Matter of Morton, 284 M. Y. 167, the Court, at Page 169, stated:

"The sole question presented on this appeal is whether the claimant was an employee of respondent company rather than an independent contractor within the meaning of the Unemployment Insurance Law . . . .

"The question to be reviewed by us is not whether the claimant was an employee of respondent as a matter of fact but whether upon the basis of the record before us we must decide as a matter of law that claimant was not an employee. ..."

For the reasons stated above, I recommend that the determination of the Wax Commission in this matter be substantially in the form submitted herewith.

SOLOMON SIES

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October 16, 1968

Enc.

10-30-68

STATE OF NEW YORK STATE TAX CONCLESION

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION

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BEATRICE ADLER, os Administrativizate of the Satate of ROBERT L. ADLER, Descend

FOR REVISION OR REFUND OF UNINCORPORATED : DUBLINESS TAXES UNDER ARTICLE 16-4 OF THE TAX LAW FOR THE TRANS 1955, 1956 AND 1997

The temperer, Rebert L. Adler, having filed applications for revision or refend of unknowperated business tames for the reare 1955, 1956 and 1957 and a hooring having been hald in connection therevith at the office of the State Tax Countacion, 80 Contro Street, New York, New York on the fourth day of January, 1965, before Solomen Stor, Marring Officer of the Department of Taxation and Pinance, at which hearing I. V. Recemberg, CPA, appeared on behalf of Destrice Adler, Administratrix of the autobe of Robert L. Adler, testimony having been taken and the matter having been duly exemined and considered,

The State Tex Countraies hereby finds:

(1) That the decedent temparer, Robert L. Adlar, filed personnl income tem returns for the years 1955, 1956 and 1957; that for each of the years 1955 and 1956, he reported solver income from A. S. A. Roelly Gosp. in the sum of \$5,000.00 and from Adlar Properties Inc. in the sum of \$5,500.00; that for the year 1957, the temparer reported on Schoolule A total receipts in the sum of \$9,500.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the temparer \$100.00 received from real entate management; that the sum of the \$100.00 received from real entate management; the sum of \$100.00 received from real entate management; the sum of \$100.00 received from real entate management; the sum of \$100.00 received from real entate management; the sum of \$100.00 received from real entate management; the sum of \$100.00 received from real entate management; the sum of \$100.00 received from real entate man

resolventional years; that an May 18, 1960, the Department of Texation and Finance made additional unincorporated business tex assessments against the temperor for the years 1955, 1956 and 1957 (Assessment Bos. 3-782596, 3-782597 and 3-782598, respectively) holding that the activities of the temperor constituted the corrying on of an unincorporated business.

- temperor, Robert L. Adler, was an efficier, director and steachelder of Adler Proportion Inc. and A. G. A. Realty Gosp., demostic compositions, both located in the city of New York, which corporations award industrial buildings located at 230 Third Avenue, New York, New York, suspentively; that the temperor was the sale steachelder of Adler Proportion, Inc. and award one-third (1/3) of the shares of stock of A. G. A. Realty Gosp.; that the temperor supervised the salatements of the buildings, solicated the reate and arranged for all accountry repairs thereof, signed checks on behalf of both corporations, all of which services of the temperor were performed from the office of A. G. A. Realty Gosp.; that the temperor received \$5,000.00 emerally from A. G. A. Realty Gosp.; and \$4,000.00 emerally from A. G. A.
- (3) That A. G. A. Realty Corp. and Adler Proportion
  Inc. reported the payments unde to the temperor on their franchise
  tem returns as management food and not as salary for services as
  an officer and/or employee of the eferencial corporations; that
  A. G. A. Realty Corp. and Adler Proportion Inc. did not treet the
  temperor as an employee for payrell tem purposes, since that did
  not deduct rederal withholding or social security temes from the
  food paid to the temperor; that the aforementional corporations
  did not exercise any supervision or control of the activities of

the temperor; that the activities of the temperor on behalf of both A. A. Realty Corp. and After Properties Inc. constituted that of an independent contractor anguged in his own business.

(4) That is a proceeding before the New York State Repertment of Labor, Division of Demployment Insurance, with respect
to the Liebility of A. G. A. Realty Sorp. as an employer Liebic for
contributions under the Unemployment Insurance Law beginning with
Jamesy 2, 1953, it was contended by A. G. A. Realty Sorp. that the
devotest tempoyer was an independent contractor and that the componselion paid him represented management foce as reflected on the books
of said corporation; that an November 16, 1960, the Unemployment
Insurance Referee Section, after a hearing, decided that the decoders
tempoyer, Robert L. Adler, was an employee of A. G. A. Realty Corp.

Deset upon the foreging findings and ell of the evidence presented herein; the State Tex Commission hereby

- (A) That the estivities of the temperor during 1955, 1956 and 1957 constituted that of a managing agent of real entete constitute on an estimaterated business within the intent and menting of contion 366, Article 16-4 of the Tex Low.
- (3) Thet, secondingly, the assessments (Assessment Dos. 3-782596, 3-782597 and 3-782596) are segrect; that said assessments to not include any tax or other charge which could not have been levicily demanded and that the applications for revision or refund with respect to said assessments to end the same are hardy demied.

  Detect: Albert, Nov York this 4th day of November , 1968.

STATE TAX GOIGIZES TOT

/s/	JOSEPH H. MURPHY
	THE A SHEET
/s/	A. BRUCE MANLEY