STATE OF NEW YORK

STATE TAX COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Petition

οf

Glenn Carrozza d/b/a Glenn's Wine & Liquors AFFIDAVIT OF MAILING

for Redetermination of a Deficiency or Revision of a Determination or Refund of Sales & Use Tax: under Article(s) 28 & 29 of the Tax Law for the Period 3/1/80-2/28/83.

State of New York:

ss.:

County of Albany:

David Parchuck/Janet M. Snay, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he/she is an employee of the State Tax Commission, that he/she is over 18 years of age, and that on the 15th day of April, 1986, he/she served the within notice of Decision by certified mail upon Glenn Carrozza, d/b/a Glenn's Wine & Liquors the petitioner in the within proceeding, by enclosing a true copy thereof in a securely sealed postpaid wrapper addressed as follows:

Glenn Carrozza d/b/a Glenn's Wine & Liquors 145 13th Street Verplanck, NY 10596

and by depositing same enclosed in a postpaid properly addressed wrapper in a post office under the exclusive care and custody of the United States Postal Service within the State of New York.

That deponent further says that the said addressee is the petitioner herein and that the address set forth on said wrapper is the last known address of the petitioner.

David Farchuck

Sworn to before me this 15th day of April, 1986.

Authorized to administer oaths pursuant to Tax Law section 174 STATE OF NEW YORK

STATE TAX COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Petition

of

Glenn Carrozza d/b/a Glenn's Wine & Liquors AFFIDAVIT OF MAILING

for Redetermination of a Deficiency or Revision of a Determination or Refund of Sales & Use Tax: under Article(s) 28 & 29 of the Tax Law for the Period 3/1/80-2/28/83.

State of New York:

ss.:

County of Albany

David Parchuck/Janet M. Snay, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he/she is an employee of the State Tax Commission, that he/she is over 18 years of age, and that on the 15th day of April, 1986, he served the within notice of Decision by certified mail upon Marshall L. Goldstein, the representative of the petitioner in the within proceeding, by enclosing a true copy thereof in a securely sealed postpaid wrapper addressed as follows:

Marshall L. Goldstein 149 Grand Street White Plains, NY 10601

and by depositing same enclosed in a postpaid properly addressed wrapper in a post office under the exclusive care and custody of the United States Postal Service within the State of New York.

That deponent further says that the said addressee is the representative of the petitioner herein and that the address set forth on said wrapper is the last known address of the representative of the petitioner.

David Paraluck

Sworn to before me this 15th day of April, 1986.

Authorized to administer oaths pursuant to Tax Law section 174

STATE OF NEW YORK STATE TAX COMMISSION ALBANY, NEW YORK 12227

April 15, 1986

Glenn Carrozza d/b/a Glenn's Wine & Liquors 145 13th Street Verplanck, NY 10596

Dear Mr. Carozza:

Please take notice of the Decision of the State Tax Commission enclosed herewith.

You have now exhausted your right of review at the administrative level. Pursuant to section(s) 1138 of the Tax Law, a proceeding in court to review an adverse decision by the State Tax Commission may be instituted only under Article 78 of the Civil Practice Law and Rules, and must be commenced in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, Albany County, within 4 months from the date of this notice.

Inquiries concerning the computation of tax due or refund allowed in accordance with this decision may be addressed to:

NYS Dept. Taxation and Finance Law Bureau - Litigation Unit Building #9, State Campus Albany, New York 12227 Phone # (518) 457-2070

Very truly yours,

STATE TAX COMMISSION

cc: Taxing Bureau's Representative

Petitioner's Representative: Marshall L. Goldstein 149 Grand Street White Plains, NY 10601

STATE TAX COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Petition

of

GLENN CARROZZA d/b/a GLENN'S WINES & LIQUORS

DECISION

for Revision of a Determination or for Refund of Sales and Use Taxes under Articles 28 and 29 : of the Tax Law for the Period March 1, 1980 through February 28, 1983.

Petitioner, Glenn Carrozza, d/b/a Glenn's Wines & Liquors, 145 13th

Street, Verplanck, New York 10596, filed a petition for revision of a determination or for refund of sales and use taxes under Articles 28 and 29 of the Tax

Law for the period March 1, 1980 through February 28, 1983 (File No. 45138).

A hearing was held before Daniel J. Ranalli, Hearing Officer, at the offices of the State Tax Commission, Two World Trade Center, New York, New York, on October 8, 1985 at 1:15 P.M. with all briefs to be submitted by January 10, 1986. Petitioner appeared by Lorentz W. Hansen, Esq. and Marshall L. Goldstein, Esq. The Audit Division appeared by John P. Dugan, Esq. (Lawrence A. Newman, Esq., of counsel).

ISSUE

Whether the Audit Division properly determined petitioner's sales tax liability.

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. On April 11, 1983, as the result of a field audit, the Audit Division issued a Notice of Determination and Demand for Payment of Sales and Use Taxes

Due against petitioner, Glenn Carrozza d/b/a Glenn's Wines & Liquors in the

amount of \$8,376.67 plus interest of \$1,490.85 for a total due of \$9,867.52 for the period March 1, 1980 through February 28, 1983.

- 2. Petitioner operated a liquor store in Larchmont, New York. On January 3, 1983, petitioner sold the business to one Joong J. Lee. Pursuant to the bulk sale, the Audit Division commenced an audit of the business. Due to an apparent misunderstanding with respect to which records the auditor needed to conduct the audit, petitioner produced only a portion of his available books and records. As a result, the auditor deemed his records to be inadequate to conduct a complete audit and performed a markup test utilizing the purchase invoices and selling prices of the new owner for the month of February, 1983. The auditor computed a markup on wine sales of 46.63 percent and on liquor sales of 17.75 percent or a combined markup of 27.96 percent. Petitioner's combined markup based on his general ledger figures was 14.5 percent. recomputed combined markup was applied to total purchases for the audit period to obtain additional taxable sales of \$154,252.80 resulting in tax due on sales of \$8,067.88. The auditor also determined \$162.50 in sales tax due on fixed asset purchases and \$146.29 sales tax due on miscellaneous expense purchases. The latter amounts have not been contested.
- 3. Petitioner utilized one cash register at the store. The register had two compartments, one for wine sales and one for liquor sales, and was programmed to automatically compute sales tax on each sale. Each night petitioner would obtain the sales totals and sales tax collected totals for the day. The daily totals were then entered on a monthly report sheet which was sent to petitioner's accountant. Petitioner retained all of his cash register tapes and all of his monthly report sheets at his accountant's office. At the hearing petitioner produced all of his tapes except for one two week period. None of the tapes

or the monthly report sheets was used during the audit. Petitioner's accountant prepared general ledgers from the monthly report sheets and other bills and invoices supplied by petitioner. The accountant also prepared petitioner's sales tax returns and income tax returns from the information provided by petitioner. Each day's sales during the audit period were easily traceable from the cash register tape to the appropriate sales tax return.

- 4. Petitioner maintained a separate bank account for sales tax collected. When sales tax was due each quarter, he withdrew the money from the account and sent a bank check to the Department of Taxation and Finance.
- 5. Petitioner maintained that the discrepancy between the markup on audit and the markup per his general ledger could be explained by the fact that the new owner immediately raised the prices of the entire inventory. Petitioner's aunt, who occasionally worked at the store, remained after the sale to assist Mr. Lee, the new owner, in changing prices. She spent ten days raising the price of virtually every item in the store. The price changes occurred in the middle of January, 1983 and the auditor used the following month to compute the markup.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

A. That section 1138(a) of the Tax Law provides that:

"If a return when filed is incorrect or insufficient, the amount of tax due shall be determined by the tax commission from such information as may be available. If necessary, the tax may be estimated on the basis of external indices, such as stock on hand, purchases, rental paid, number of rooms, location, scale of rents or charges, comparable rents or charges, type of accommodations and service, number of employees or other factors."

Such external indices may not be used unless it it "virtually impossible to verify taxable sales receipts and conduct a complete audit" with available records. Chartair, Inc. v. State Tax Commission, 65 A.D.2d 44, 46.

- B. That petitioner maintained all the register tapes for the period, along with other accounting papers with which a complete audit could have been performed. "[I]t is the lack of adequate records that authorizes the use of the [markup] test." Christ Cella v. State Tax Commission, 102 A.D.2d 352. 354; Matter of STW Sales, Inc., State Tax Commission, January 18, 1985. Although cash register tapes may be considered inadequate records if they do not indicate clearly whether an item is taxable or nontaxable, Licata v. Chu, 64 N.Y.2d 873, in this case all of petitioners sales were of taxable items. Moreover, the Audit Division's markup test was inaccurate in light of the fact that the new owner raised all the prices. Therefore, resort to the use of external indices was not warranted and petitioner's sales are accepted as reported. The assessment will be reduced to \$308.79 plus interest which was the tax due on fixed asset and expense purchases.
- C. That the petition of Glenn Carrozza d/b/a Glenn's Wines & Liquors is granted to the extent indicated in Conclusion of Law "B"; that the Audit Division is directed to modify the Notice of Determination and Demand for Payment of Sales and Use Taxes Due issued April 11, 1983; and that, except as so granted the petition is in all other respects denied.

DATED: Albany, New York

STATE TAX COMMISSION

APR 1 5 1986

PRESIDENT

COMMISSIONER

COMMISSIONER

P 319 373 627

RECEIPT FOR CERTIFIED MAIL

NO INSURANCE COVERAGE PROVIDED NOT FOR INTERNATIONAL MAIL

(See Reverse)

30-794	Sent to Glenn Carrozza dibla Street and No. Glenn's Wine + Liquors 145 13th Street	
* U.S.G.P.O. 1985-480-794		
P.O. 1	P.O. State and ZIP Code Yerolanck N.Y. 10596	
U.S.G.	Postage	S
S Form 3800, June 1985	Certified Fee	
	Special Delivery Fee	
	Restricted Delivery Fee	
	Return Receipt showing to whom and Date Delivered	
	Return Receipt showing to whom, Date, and Address of Delivery	
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3800	Postmark or Date	
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P 319 373 628

RECEIPT FOR CERTIFIED MAIL

NO INSURANCE COVERAGE PROVIDED NOT FOR INTERNATIONAL MAIL (See Reverse)

Sent to Marshall L. Goldstein

Street and No. 149 Grand Street

P.O. State and ZIP Code
White Plains N.Y. 10601

Postage S

Certified Fee

Special Delivery Fee

Restricted Delivery Fee

Return Receipt showing to whom and Date Delivered

Return Receipt showing to whom. Date. and Address of Delivery

TOTAL Postage and Fees S

Postmark or Date

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