

STATE OF NEW YORK
STATE TAX COMMISSION
ALBANY, NEW YORK 12227

February 29, 1984

Allied Maintenance Corp.
Two Pennsylvania Plaza
New York, NY 10121

Gentlemen:

Please take notice of the Decision of the State Tax Commission enclosed herewith.

You have now exhausted your right of review at the administrative level. Pursuant to section(s) 1138 of the Tax Law, a proceeding in court to review an adverse decision by the State Tax Commission may be instituted only under Article 78 of the Civil Practice Law and Rules, and must be commenced in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, Albany County, within 4 months from the date of this notice.

Inquiries concerning the computation of tax due or refund allowed in accordance with this decision may be addressed to:

NYS Dept. Taxation and Finance
Law Bureau - Litigation Unit
Building #9, State Campus
Albany, New York 12227
Phone # (518) 457-2070

Very truly yours,

STATE TAX COMMISSION

cc: Petitioner's Representative
Allen Greenberg
Graubard, Moskovitz, McGoldrick, Dannett & Horowitz
345 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10154
AND
Emanuel Dannett
Hancock, Estabrook, Ryan, Shove & Hust
One MONY Plaza
Syracuse, NY 132022791
Taxing Bureau's Representative

STATE OF NEW YORK

STATE TAX COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Petition :
of :
Allied Maintenance Corp. :
for Redetermination of a Deficiency or Revision :
of a Determination or Refund of Sales & Use Tax :
under Article 28 & 29 of the Tax Law for the :
Period 12/1/74-11/30/78. :

AFFIDAVIT OF MAILING

State of New York }
County of Albany } ss.:

David Parchuck, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is an employee of the State Tax Commission, that he is over 18 years of age, and that on the 29th day of February, 1984, he served the within notice of Decision by certified mail upon Allied Maintenance Corp., the petitioner in the within proceeding, by enclosing a true copy thereof in a securely sealed postpaid wrapper addressed as follows:

Allied Maintenance Corp.
Two Pennsylvania Plaza
New York, NY 10121

and by depositing same enclosed in a postpaid properly addressed wrapper in a post office under the exclusive care and custody of the United States Postal Service within the State of New York.

That deponent further says that the said addressee is the petitioner herein and that the address set forth on said wrapper is the last known address of the petitioner.

Sworn to before me this
29th day of February, 1984.

David Parchuck

James A. Hargrave
Authorized to administer oaths
pursuant to Tax Law section 174

STATE OF NEW YORK

STATE TAX COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Petition	:	
of	:	
Allied Maintenance Corp.	:	
for Redetermination of a Deficiency or Revision	:	AFFIDAVIT OF MAILING
of a Determination or Refund of Sales & Use Tax	:	
under Article 28 & 29 of the Tax Law for the	:	
Period 12/1/74-11/30/78.	:	

State of New York }
 ss.:
County of Albany }

David Parchuck, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is an employee of the State Tax Commission, that he is over 18 years of age, and that on the 29th day of February, 1984, he served the within notice of Decision by certified mail upon Allen Greenberg, the representative of the petitioner in the within proceeding, by enclosing a true copy thereof in a securely sealed postpaid wrapper addressed as follows:


Allen Greenberg
Graubard, Moskovitz, McGoldrick, Dannett & Horowitz
345 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10154

and by depositing same enclosed in a postpaid properly addressed wrapper in a post office under the exclusive care and custody of the United States Postal Service within the State of New York.

That deponent further says that the said addressee is the representative of the petitioner herein and that the address set forth on said wrapper is the last known address of the representative of the petitioner.

Sworn to before me this
29th day of February, 1984.




Authorized to administer oaths
pursuant to Tax Law section 174

STATE OF NEW YORK

STATE TAX COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Petition of Allied Maintenance Corp.	: : :	: : :
for Redetermination of a Deficiency or Revision of a Determination or Refund of Sales & Use Tax under Article 28 & 29 of the Tax Law for the Period 12/1/74-11/30/78.	: : : :	: : : :

AFFIDAVIT OF MAILING

State of New York }
 ss.:
County of Albany }

David Parchuck, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is an employee of the State Tax Commission, that he is over 18 years of age, and that on the 29th day of February, 1984, he served the within notice of Decision by certified mail upon Emanuel Dannett, the representative of the petitioner in the within proceeding, by enclosing a true copy thereof in a securely sealed postpaid wrapper addressed as follows:

Emanuel Dannett
Hancock, Estabrook, Ryan, Shove & Hust
One MONY Plaza
Syracuse, NY 132022791

and by depositing same enclosed in a postpaid properly addressed wrapper in a post office under the exclusive care and custody of the United States Postal Service within the State of New York.

That deponent further says that the said addressee is the representative of the petitioner herein and that the address set forth on said wrapper is the last known address of the representative of the petitioner.

Sworn to before me this
29th day of February, 1984.

David Parchuck

James A. Supina
Authorized to administer oaths
pursuant to Tax Law section 174

STATE OF NEW YORK

STATE TAX COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Petition	:	
	:	
of	:	
	:	
ALLIED MAINTENANCE CORPORATION	:	DECISION
	:	
for Revision of a Determination or for Refund	:	
of Sales and Use Taxes under Articles 28 and 29	:	
of the Tax Law for the Period December 1, 1974	:	
through November 30, 1978.	:	

Petitioner, Allied Maintenance Corporation, Two Pennsylvania Plaza, New York, New York 10121, filed a petition for revision of a determination or for refund of sales and use taxes under Articles 28 and 29 of the Tax Law for the period December 1, 1974 through November 30, 1978 (File No. 36359).

A formal hearing was held before Arthur Bray, Hearing Officer, at the offices of the State Tax Commission, Two World Trade Center, New York, New York, on April 27, 1983 at 10:00 A.M. with all briefs to be submitted by August 15, 1983. Petitioners appeared by Graubard, Moskovitz, McGoldrick, Dannett & Horowitz (Allen Greenberg, Esq. and Emanuel Dannett, Esq., of counsel). The Audit Division appeared by John P. Dugan, Esq. (Alexander Weiss, Esq., of counsel).

ISSUES

I. Whether petitioner is barred by the doctrine of collateral estoppel from litigating the issue of whether sales tax is due upon the receipts from the services provided by its employees classified as first and second operators.

II. Whether the receipts for the services provided by petitioner's first and second operators are subject to New York sales tax.

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. On November 20, 1981, the Audit Division issued to petitioner, Allied Maintenance Corporation ("Allied"), two notices of determination and demand for payment of sales and use taxes due. One Notice was for the period December 1, 1974 through May 31, 1978. This Notice assessed a tax due of \$383,043.62, plus interest of \$155,424.67, for a total amount due of \$538,468.29. The remaining Notice was for the period June 1, 1978 through November 30, 1978 and assessed a tax due of \$83,473.93, plus interest of \$22,918.84, for a total amount due of \$106,392.77.

2. The assessments were based upon the Audit Division's conclusion that the receipts from the services provided to certain customers of petitioner were subject to New York sales tax. At the hearing, petitioner withdrew its objection to all portions of the assessment except with respect to two customers - Rochdale Village, Inc. ("Rochdale") and Riverbay Corporation ("Riverbay"). With respect to Rochdale, petitioner is challenging sales tax asserted due of \$87,382.00. With respect to Riverbay, petitioner is challenging sales tax asserted due of \$91,018.00. After the hearing, the Audit Division withdrew that portion of the assessment pertaining to services provided by petitioner to New York Telephone Company.

3. Allied is a corporation which contracts to provide services to its clients. The type of services provided by Allied included mechanical, janitorial and aviation services, sky capping and loading aircraft.

4. On April 24, 1975, Allied entered into a contract with Riverbay to provide services in the utility plant facility and certain residential buildings in "Co-Op City" for a period of two years. The contract provided that Allied would provide its own staff and that it would "...have the full responsibility

for performing all the operation, maintenance, repairs and inspection services associated with the Co-Op City Utility Plant mechanical, electrical, underground and utility systems." Other systems which Allied took responsibility for servicing included the fueling system, cooling towers, pump rooms and substations. The contract executed on April 25, 1975 was extended by a subsequent agreement and remained in effect throughout the periods in issue.

5. Allied executed a contract, effective August 17, 1975, with Rochdale to provide mechanical services in the utility plant facility in Rochdale Village. The contract provided that Allied would have...

"the full responsibility for performing all the operation, maintenance, repairs, and inspection services at the Rochdale Village Power Station which are associated with total energy production for the Rochdale Village residential complex. The systems and equipment to be serviced shall include the applicable mechanical, electrical, and utility systems at the Power Station, underground distribution systems, cooling towers, fueling system, and pump and transformer rooms located in the twenty (20) residential buildings."

The contract entered into with Rochdale was extended by subsequent agreements and remained in effect throughout the periods in issue.

6. In accordance with the foregoing contracts, Allied performed preventive maintenance, operational maintenance and repair services for both Rochdale and Riverbay.

7. Co-Op City and Rochdale Village were both substantial apartment complexes. Co-Op City consisted of approximately twenty-two buildings, of which about twenty buildings were twenty-two stories high. Rochdale Village had twenty residential buildings.

8. In order to provide heat and air conditioning to the apartments, Co-Op City and Rochdale Village contained substantial utility plants. The utility plant for Co-Op City was approximately the size of a city block and housed such machines as a 6,250-ton chiller and a high pressure boiler that was three to

four stories high. Rochdale Village had equipment similar to Co-Op City, although about half the size. However, Rochdale Village had a power plant while Co-Op City did not. Each apartment complex had air conditioning equipment, heating equipment, a turbine, plumbers, boilers, motors, chillers and compressors. Most of the equipment could not be removed from either plant without destruction of the building in which it was located.

9. In order to operate the power plant at Rochdale Village and Co-Op City, Allied employed the services of a number of highly-skilled individuals. Among others, Allied employed welders, electricians, engineers, control technicians, carpenters, steam fitters and plumbers.

10. At the hearing, Allied acknowledged that sales tax was due on the revenue arising from the services mentioned in Finding of Fact "6".

11. In addition to the employees mentioned in Finding of Fact "9", Allied employed the services of individuals classified as first operators and second operators.

12. At the time an individual would be hired as a second operator, he would be unskilled. Upon being hired, a second operator would take part in a sixty-day training program. This training would include instruction relating to the various types of equipment in a physical plant, the function of the equipment, and how to maintain the equipment. Second operators would also be trained to read and understand the gauges on the equipment.

13. It was the job of the second operator to mop the floor of the engine room and control room and to "wipe down" panels. They would occasionally assist first operators with cleaning condenser tubes. This required opening up the condenser. Second operators would also clean the fuel pump. This would

entail removing a nozzle or strainer and placing it in cleaning fluid. Second operators would also clean the armature and winding using a vacuum cleaner.

14. First operators would start and stop equipment and adjust the temperature of the equipment under the direction of the engineer in charge of the watch. With regard to the stationary engine, the first operator would periodically "pull a burner". This would involve cleaning or replacing a nozzle on a predetermined schedule. This activity would be supervised by an engineer. First operators were also required to maintain logs that recorded pressure, temperature, and starting and stopping times of the equipment. This data was recorded every four hours and given to the engineer to review.

15. First and second operators had the similar job specifications, although second operators had more cleaning responsibilities. If a vacancy arose in a first operator position, a second operator could advance to the position of first operator.

16. Neither second nor first operators were licensed engineers. They were not permitted to perform their services unless an engineer was available at the plant. Operators did not repair or replace engine parts, dismantle motors, or overhaul transformers or electrical conductors.

17. Allied sent weekly and monthly bills to Riverbay and Rochdale. The weekly bills contained a schedule showing the number of hours worked by each category of employee during the preceding week.

18. The Audit Division argued at the hearing that petitioner was precluded from litigating the issue of whether sales tax was due upon the receipts from the services provided by petitioner's first and second operators. In July, 1979, the New York State Supreme Court, Appellate Division, Third Department, decided the case of Matter of Allied New York Services, Inc. v. Tully (83

A.D.2d 727). The Court held therein that sales tax was required to be collected on the receipts from the services provided by a wholly-owned subsidiary of petitioner arising from the building cleaning, janitorial and equipment maintenance services for several department stores in New York City.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

A. That collateral estoppel is a doctrine which seeks to prevent the relitigation of an issue between the same parties or those in privity (5 Weinstein-Korn-Miller, N.Y. Civ. Prac. ¶5011.23). In order to apply collateral estoppel, it is necessary to conclude that the issue currently in question was disposed of previously and that the party sought to be bound had a fair opportunity to have the issue resolved in its favor and was unsuccessful (see Siegel, New York Practice, §457, p. 605).

B. That collateral estoppel is an affirmative defense [CPLR §3018(b)]. The burden of proving the applicability of the doctrine of collateral estoppel is on the party raising it (CPLR §3018(b); Siegel, New York Practice §223, p. 268). In view of the fact that the services referred to in Matter of Allied New York Services, Inc. v. Tully (83 A.D.2d 727) were provided to department stores, while the services at issue herein were rendered to apartment complexes, the Department has failed to sustain its burden of proof of establishing that the principle of collateral estoppel precludes petitioner from raising the issue presented herein.

C. That during the period in issue, Tax Law §1105(c)(5) provided that a sales tax was due upon:

"(c) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of the following services:

* * *

(5) Maintaining, servicing or repairing real property, property or land, as such terms are defined in the real property tax law, whether the services are performed in or outside of a building, as distinguished from adding to or improving such real property, property or land, by a capital improvement, but excluding services rendered by an individual who is not in a regular trade or business offering his services to the public, and excluding interior cleaning and maintenance services performed on a regular contractual basis for a term of not less than thirty days, other than window cleaning, rodent and pest control and trash removal from buildings.

Wages, salaries and other compensation paid by an employer to an employee for performing as an employee the services described in paragraphs (1) through (5) of this subdivision (c) are not receipts subject to the taxes imposed under such subdivision."

D. That the services provided by first and second operators, noted in Findings of Fact "13" through "15", were of a specialized and skilled nature which were made possible by the technical training they received. Accordingly, these services went far beyond the ordinary maintenance services contemplated by the exemption provided for by Tax Law §1105(c)(5) (see Matter of Heist Corp. v. State Tax Comm., 50 N.Y.2d 438, 444). Therefore, the receipts for the services provided by petitioner's first and second operators are subject to New York sales tax.

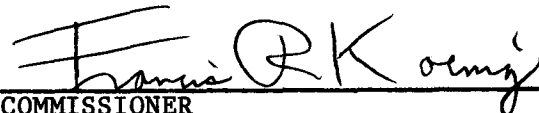
E. That the petition of Allied Maintenance Corporation is denied.

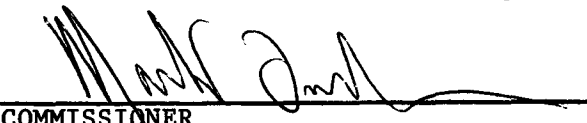
DATED: Albany, New York

STATE TAX COMMISSION

FEB 29 1984


PRESIDENT


COMMISSIONER


COMMISSIONER

P 470 315 225

RECEIPT FOR CERTIFIED MAIL

NO INSURANCE COVERAGE PROVIDED—
NOT FOR INTERNATIONAL MAIL

(See Reverse)

Sent to	
O'Brien Maintenance Corp.	
Street and No.	
Two Pennsylvania Plaza	
P.O., State and ZIP Code	
NY, NY 10121	
Postage	\$
Certified Fee	
Special Delivery Fee	
Restricted Delivery Fee	
Return Receipt Showing to whom and Date Delivered	
Return Receipt Showing to whom, Date, and Address of Delivery	
TOTAL Postage and Fees	\$
Postmark or Date	

PS Form 3800, Feb. 1982

P 470 315 226

RECEIPT FOR CERTIFIED MAIL

NO INSURANCE COVERAGE PROVIDED—
NOT FOR INTERNATIONAL MAIL

(See Reverse)

Sent to	
Allen Greerberg	
Street and No.	
345 Park Ave.	
P.O., State and ZIP Code	
NY, NY 10154	
Postage	\$
Certified Fee	
Special Delivery Fee	
Restricted Delivery Fee	
Return Receipt Showing to whom and Date Delivered	
Return Receipt Showing to whom, Date, and Address of Delivery	
TOTAL Postage and Fees	\$
Postmark or Date	

PS Form 3800, Feb. 1982

P 470 315 227

RECEIPT FOR CERTIFIED MAIL

NO INSURANCE COVERAGE PROVIDED—
NOT FOR INTERNATIONAL MAIL

(See Reverse)

Sent to	
Emanuel Barnett	
Street and No.	
One Montgomery Plaza	
P.O., State and ZIP Code	
132022 791 Syracuse, NY	
Postage	\$
Certified Fee	
Special Delivery Fee	
Restricted Delivery Fee	
Return Receipt Showing to whom and Date Delivered	
Return Receipt Showing to whom, Date, and Address of Delivery	
TOTAL Postage and Fees	\$
Postmark or Date	

PS Form 3800, Feb. 1982