In the Matter of the Petition

of

SCHWARTZ CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC. :

AFFIDAVIT OF MAILING

For a Redetermination of a Deficiency or : a Revision of a Determination or a Refund of Sales and Use : Taxes under Article(s) 28 and 29 of the Tax Law for the \*\*Tax\*\* Period(s) : June 1, 1967 through May 31, 1970.

State of New York County of Albany

and by depositing same enclosed in a postpaid properly addressed wrapper in a (post office or official depository) under the exclusive care and custody of the United States Postal Service within the State of New York.

That deponent further says that the said addressee is the (xepresentative of the (xepresentative of the (xepresentative of the last known address of the (representative of the) petitioner.

Sworn to before me this

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7th day of March

. 1977.

"Succe Batchelor



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# STATE OF NEW YORK DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE

#### TAX APPEALS BUREAU

STATE CAMPUS ALBANY, N.Y. 12227

ADDRESS YOUR REPLY TO

March 7, 1977

TELEPHONE: (518) 457-1723

Schwartz Chemical Company, Inc. 50-01 Second Street Long Island City, New York 11101

#### Gentlemen:

Please take notice of the DETERMINATION of the State Tax Commission enclosed herewith.

Please take further notice that pursuant to Section(s) 1138 and 1243 of the Tax Law, any proceeding in court to review an adverse decision must be commenced within 4 months from the date of this notice.

Inquiries concerning the computation of tax due or refund allowed in accordance with this decision or concerning any other matter relative hereto may be addressed to the undersigned. They will be referred to the proper party for reply.

Yery truly yours, Trank of Turci

Frank J. Puccia

Supervisor of

Small Claims Hearings

Taxing Bureau's Representative:

Enc.

#### STATE OF NEW YORK

#### STATE TAX COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Application

of

SCHWARTZ CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.

DETERMINATION

for Revision of a Determination or for Refund of Sales and Use Taxes under Articles 28 and 29 of the Tax Law for the Period June 1, 1967 through May 31, 1970.

Applicant, Schwartz Chemical Company, Inc., located at 50-01 Second Street, Long Island City, New York 11101, has filed an application for revision of a determination or for refund of sales and use taxes under Articles 28 and 29 of the Tax Law for the period June 1, 1967 through May 31, 1970. (Notice No. 90,745,560).

A small claims hearing was held before Philip Mercurio, Small Claims Hearing Officer, on June 8, 1976, at 2:45 P.M., at the offices of the State Tax Commission, Two World Trade Center, New York, New York. The applicant appeared by Abraham Schwartz, President. The Sales Tax Bureau appeared by Peter Crotty, Esq., (Frank Levitt, Esq. of counsel).

### ISSUE

Did the audit techniques and projection methods used by the Sales Tax Bureau accurately reflect the applicant's sales and use tax liability?

### FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The applicant, Schwartz Chemical Company, Inc., timely filed New York State sales and use tax returns for the period June 1, 1967 through May 31, 1970.
- 2. A Notice of Determination and Demand for Payment of Sales and Use Taxes Due, including penalties, for the period previously referred to was issued on May 26, 1971 against said applicant under Notice No. 90,745,560 in the amount of \$1,844.75.
- 3. On October 22, 1974, the State Tax Commission issued a warrant, as judgment creditor, against Schwartz Chemical Company, Inc. and officers in the amount of \$1,844.75. The warrant was wholly satisfied on December 4, 1974 upon the receipt of full payment of said amount.
- 4. Applicant protested the assessment in a letter to State Tax Commission dated June 24, 1971.
- 5. Applicant, Schwartz Chemical Company, Inc., manufactured and sold paints and adhesives essentially for resale. The audit of applicant's books and records resulted in a deficiency in four categories:
- (a) The examination of nontaxable sales invoices for the period June 1 through June 10, 1969, indicated an error rate of .079% based on applicant's failure to justify nontaxable sales

with acceptable resale certificates. The error rate was reduced to .04% in consideration of the recurring nature of the sales and the type of customers with whom applicant conducted his business. This phase of audit resulted in an assessment of \$362.50 in sales tax.

- (b) Applicant was assessed \$40.33 in use tax as the amount due on samples given away.
- (c) During the audit period, applicant extensively renovated his premises. He engaged several contractors to improve his property and paid them on time and material basis. An assessment of \$473.96 was asserted against the applicant, as use tax, on the materials portion of the time and materials contracts. These improvements were realized prior to September 1, 1969. Additional use tax was assessed in the amount of \$13.62 on the outright purchase of certain fixed assets upon which an insufficient tax or no tax had been paid.
- (d) The examination of expense purchases for the month of June, 1969 resulted in an assessment of \$511.93, representing the projection of errors based on applicant's failure to pay tax on expense and maintenance items. Examiner included an item of \$105.00 designated as an automobile repair. Applicant testified this item was unique and extraordinary. The charge was for repair and repainting of an automobile used by one of the officers.

## CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- A. That the deficiencies determined against the applicant for (1) sales tax on disallowance of nontaxable sales, (2) for use tax on samples, (3) for use tax on materials purchased through time and materials contracts for the improvement of real property and (4) for use tax due on fixed asset purchases have been determined through proper and accepted audit procedures and in accordance with Articles 28 and 29 of the Tax Law.
- B. That the use tax on expense purchases be modified by deleting the nonrecurring automobile repair expense from the recurring expense items used in the projection of use tax on expense purchases.
- C. That the applicant acted in good faith and the penalty is cancelled.
- D. That the application of Schwartz Chemical Company, Inc. is granted to the extent that the use tax due be reduced by removing the nonrecurring expense item from the projection, and that the Sales Tax Bureau is hereby directed to refund the amount of such reduction together with such interest as may be lawfully owing.

DATED: Albany, New York
March 7, 1977

STATE TAX COMMISSION

RESIDENT

COMMISSIONER

COMMISSIONER