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Ancomedex Determinations A-Z O'Connell, John & Carmel

STATE TAX COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF JOHN AND CARMEL O'COMMELL

FOR REVISION OR REFUND OF PERSONAL INCOME TAXES UNDER ARTICLE 16 OF THE TAX LAW FOR THE YEAR 1959

John and Carnel O'Connell having duly filed an application for revision or refund of personal income taxes assessed under Article 36 of the Tax Law for the calendar year 1999, and a hearing having been held in connection therevith on September 3, 1964 at the office of the State Tax Counission, 80 Contro Street, New York, New York before Martin Schapire, Mearing Officer of the Department of Taxation and Finance, at which hearing the taxpayer, John O'Connell, appeared personally and was represented by Valter Herris, his atterney, and the record having been duly examined and considered.

The State Tax Countssien hereby finds:

- (1) That the taxpayer, a resident of the state of New Jersey, filed a nearesident personal income tax return for the calendar year 1959 allocating thereon income attributable to work done within and without the State of New York; that an September 12, 1962 on assessment was issued (Assessment No. AN-022795) disallowing the allocation of income attributable by the taxpayer, John O'Commell, to 44 days of work done at his New Jersey home.
- (2) That prior to March 1959, the tempeyer was employed by the Mearst Publishing Company, Inc. as an Milter of Cosmopoliton Magazine; that for the remainder of the year the

temperor was employed by the aforesaid corporation as on Editor of the American Weekly Magazine; that the temperer's income was derived from his employment as Miter; that the temperor was employed pursuant to written agreements with the employer corporation; that the agreement of employment of the temperor as Miter of the American Workly Magazine does not indicate the weeking place or hours of work except in that it provides as follows: "ENGOND:- 0'Commell shall during the period of employment hereunders * * *(2) Do at all times available to his superiors and to the Board of Directors and any committees appointed by or other representatives of such Board for consultation and advice in connection with his duties. * * *THIRD:- O'Gommoll agrees that he will work as Miter of the American Weekly for Hearst, or for any corporation by it designated, emplusively, and that he will give and devote to the pursuit of his duties his full, complete and exclusive time (except reasonable vacation periods, the extent of which shall be determined by his superiors or the Board of Directors)."

- (3) That the employer's offices were located in Nov York City and that the normal working hours of the staff were from 9165 A. M. to 6130 P. M. Hendays through Pridays; that the tempeyor worked at such offices during the week with the emosption of Thursdays or an occasional Priday where he worked at home; that the tempeyor submitted an unswern statement, (tempeyor's Exhibit 1) from Villian Randelph Rearst, the Miltor-in-Chief of the Hearst Hovepapers, which states, in parts "we recognise the absolute necessity of his maintaining an office at his home where he selects material for each issue, Mr. O'Gonnell spends one day a week in this pursuit,"
 - (%) That the temperer contended that he was not

required to be at his home on Thursdays; that he stayed home on Thursdays because the office was geared to the fact that he would not be in an Thursdays and that his staying home on Thursdays was the most officient way to operate; that although he had the authority to give directions not to be distrubed and to receive no telephone calls on Thursdays, during the course of a day he had numerous vicitors who would have interrupted his work; that, however, at his home he was able to review materials submitted and write titles; and to read numerous vicitors without interruption.

Dased upon the foregoing findings and all of the evidence presented herein, the State Tax Countries in hereby DETERMINES:

- (A) That the temperor was not required either by contract or pursuant to any other direction of his employer to work one day a week at his home rather than in the office; that the performance of the temperor's work at his home rather than at the office of the employer was noither a necessary or essential condition of employment; that the primary purpose of working at home rather than the office was the convenience of the temperor; that, accordingly, the work done by the temperor at his home is attributable to Nov York State where the offices of the employer are located, and the temperor is not entitled to any allocation of income for such work outside of Nov York State.
- (2) That, therefore, the additional taxes accound against the taxpayer for the year 1959 under Article 16 of the Tax Law are correct and are due and eving, together with lawful interest and other lawful charges,

DATED: Alberry, New York, on the 27th day of April , 1965.

/s/	JOSEPH H. MURPHY
/s/	IRA J. PALESTIN
/s/	JAMES R. MACDUFF
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BUREAU OF LAW

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Commissioners Murphy, Palestin and Macduff

FROM:

Martin Schapire, Mearing Officer

SUBJECT:

John and Carmel O'Connell application for revision or refund of personal income taxes

for the year 1959

A hearing with reference to the above matter was held before me at 80 Centre Street, New York, N. Y., on September 3, 1964. The appearances and the evidence produced were as shown in the stenographic minutes and exhibits submitted herewith.

The issue raised herein is whether work done by the taxpayer, a New Jersey resident, at his home instead of the New York office of his employer, is work done outside of the State of New York allowing the taxpayer an allocation of income outside of the State.

The tampayer was employed by the Mearst Publishing Company as an Editor of Cosmopolitan Magasine until March 1979 and then during the remainder of the year as an Editor of American Weekly, another Hearst publication. Although the tampayer had submitted an unsworn statement from William Randolph Hearst, the Editor-in-Chief of the Hearst Publishing Company, that it was absolutely necessary for the tampayer to maintain an effice at his home, the tampayer testified that he was not required to work at home. The tampayer stated, however, that he worked at home on Thursdays instead of at the office which was open on such days, since (despite the fact that he could have given directions not to be disturbed) it was more efficient for him to work one day a week in his home without interruption, which day was spent in reviewing materials, writing titles and reading manuscripts. The tampayer, however, was not required either pursuant to the terms of the contract or any direction of his employer to work one day a week at his home rather than at the effice.

I am of the epinion that the primary purpose of working at home was for the convenience of the taxpayer in accordance with Matter of Burke v. Brazelini, 10 AD 2d 554, and Matter of Morehouse v. Murphy, 10 AD 2d 764. Accordingly, I have prepared a proposed determination denying any allocation of income for work done in the taxpayer's home outside the State.

For the reasons stated above, I recommend that the determination of the Tax Commission in this matter be substantially in the form submitted herewith.

Mearing Officer

Mica Enc.

April 15, 1965

Approved

Approved